



Appendix P
PROCEDURE

TVDSB Code of Conduct

4.

		Dressedures			
	•	Procedure No.: 4008h		-	Deleted Cells
Title:	SAFE SCHOOLS	110.: 4008fi			Deleted Cells
		Effective			
		Date: 2017	<u>,4008i</u>		Inserted Cells
		June			
		27 <u>Number:</u>			
				-	
			Learning Support Services — Culture-		
Department:Procedure Owner:			for Learning - Safe Schools		
		Effective Date:			
				_	
	Ame	endment Dates:			
	Ante	indifient Dates.			
				-	
EIE Review Date:					
	Reference(s)	<u>Resources:</u>	 The Education Act, <u>RSO 1990</u>, 		
			<u>c E.2</u>		
			.1. Trespass to Property Act		
			.2. Access to Premises Act		
			.3. Charter of RightsPolicy and		
			Freedoms		
			.4. Bill 13: Accepting Schools Act,		
			2012		
			.5. Safe Schools Act, 2001		
			.6. Caring and Safe Schools in		
			Ontario		

.7.	Occupational Health and Safety-
	Act
.8.	Municipal Freedom of Information-
	and Protection of Privacy Act
	PPM128Program <u>Memorandum 128</u> : The Provincial Code of Conduct and School Boards Code of Conduct
.9.	PPM 144: Bullying Prevention and
	Intervention
.10	PPM 145: Progressive Discipline
	and Promoting Positive Behaviour
.11.	Police/School Board Protocol,
	2017
	 TVDSB <u>EquityCreating Safe</u> and <u>Inclusive EducationCaring</u> <u>Schools</u> Policy and Its- <u>Procedures(4008)</u>
	 TVDSB <u>HarassmentSchool</u> <u>Councils</u> Policy and Procedure (3016)
.12	-TVDSB Independent Procedure:-
	Information Technology Security
.13	TVDSB Health and Safety Policy
	and Its Procedures
	TVDSB Violence in the WorkplaceProgressive Discipline Of Employees Policy and Procedure (3012)
	<u>TVDSB Access to Schools</u> <u>Procedure (4008h)</u>

2. 2.0 CODE OF CONDUCT

1. Intent

 1.1.
 This procedure operationalizes TVDSB Creating Safe and Caring Schools Policy

 (4008) and Policy and Program Memorandum (PPM) 128: The Provincial Code of

 Conduct and School Board Codes of Conduct.

2. Definitions

- 2.1. Due to the significant number of key terms requiring definitions all definitions can be found in Appendix A.
- 2.2. Throughout this document, all defined terms will be capitalized to indicate they have a procedure-specific definition.

3. Objective of the Procedure

- 2.1.3.1. The Thames Valley District School Board (TVDSB) is committed to supporting a system strategy for promoting a safe. Inclusive and inclusive accepting school climate. and workplace environment. Schools are expected to develop and maintain safe, Inclusive and accepting learning environments that are free from violence.
- 2.2.3.2. The purpose of the TVDSB Code of Conduct is to ensure <u>that</u> the rights and responsibilities of all members of the school <u>and TVDSB</u> community.- <u>are</u> <u>communicated</u>. Practices will focus on prevention and will foster dignity and respect while ensuring the safety of all through firm, fair and progressive strategies. designed to promote self-respect and respect for othersa Relationship-Based Approach to building capacity within the School Community to create safer schools.
- 2.3.3. Building and sustaining a positive school climate<u>and work environment</u> is a complex challenge requiring evidence-informed solutions. A <u>and requires</u> <u>involvement from the</u> whole School approach involving all education and community partners is needed to bring about necessary systemic change.Community.

1.1 TVDSB Code The following goals of Conduct

2.4.<u>3.4.</u> the TVDSB Code of Conduct is the Provincial Code of Conduct and states the minimum requirements for each school's local Code of Conduct. These are mandatory for inclusion in each school's local Code of Conduct and are based on requirements of the Ministry of Education.are required to accomplish these objectives:

1.2 Development of Local Codes of Conduct for Individual Schools

Principals will develop local school Codes of Conduct governing the behaviour of all persons in the school tailored expressly for their schools.

Local school codes of conduct must set out clearly what is acceptable and what is unacceptable for all members of the elementary or secondary schoolcommunity (eg. students, staff, parents/guardians, volunteers, communitymembers and community groups) and must also be consistent with the Provincial and School Board Codes of Conduct. The code applies whether they are onschool property, on school buses, at school related events or activities, or inother circumstances that could have impact on the school climate. Local school codes of conduct must be communicated to all members of the school community.

In developing local standards of behaviour, the principal must take intoconsideration the views of the school council. In addition, principals will:

- seek input from students, staff, parents/guardians and members of the school community;
- include procedures and timelines for review, in accordance with schoolboard policy;
- develop a communications plan that outlines how these standards will be made clear to everyone, including parents/guardians whose first languageis not English (eg. postings within the school, copies of the Code to be sent home with students, et cetera);
- embed all of the standards of the Provincial and Board of Conduct-(outlined in section 2.4);
- provide a copy of the Code of Conduct to the Superintendent of Student-Achievement for review in order to ensure consistency with Ministry and Board policy.

1.3 Board Code of Conduct

1.3.1 A school should be a place that promotes responsibility, respect, civilityand academic excellence in a safe, inclusive and accepting learning and teaching environment.

A positive school climate exists when all members of the schoolcommunity feel safe, included and accepted and actively promote positivebehaviours and interactions.

> Page 4 of 21 [Title]

All students, parents/guardians and staff have the right to be safe and to feel safe, included and accepted in their school community. With this rightcomes the responsibility to contribute to a positive school climate.

The promotion of strategies and initiatives such as Student Success and Character Development along with the employment of prevention and intervention strategies to address inappropriate behaviour and fosters a positive school climate that supports student achievement and the wellbeing of all students.

The TVDSB Code of Conduct and each school's Code of Conduct include the provincial standards of behaviour.

These standards of behaviour apply not only to students but also to allindividuals involved in the school system (principals, staff, parents/guardians, volunteers, community members (whether they are onschool property, on school buses or at school-related events or activities, or in other circumstances which could have an impact on the schoolclimate.

A whole school approach involving all members of school community is needed to build and sustain a positive school climate.

Responsible citizenship involves appropriate participation in the civic life of the school community. Active and engaged citizens are aware of their-rights, but more importantly, they accept responsibility for protecting their-rights and the rights of others.

1.3.2 The purposes of the code are:

<u>3.4.1.</u> to ensure that all members of the school community (including those in a position Promote caring relationships between students, Parents and caregivers, members of the community and TVDSB staff;

2.4.1.3.4.2. Ensure that all members of the School Community, especially people in positions of authority), are treated equally with respect and dignity;

2.4.2.3.4.3. to Promote responsible citizenship by encouraging appropriate participation in the civic life of the school community;

• to prevent bullying in schools;

2.4.3.1.1.1. to Encourage the use of non-violent means to receive conflict;

to promote the safety of people in the schools;

to discourage the use of alcohol and illegal drugs;

- 2.4.4.<u>3.4.4.</u> to-Maintain an environment where conflict and difference can be addressed in a manner characterized by respect and civility.
- 3.4.5. Encourage the use of non-violent means to resolve conflict;
 - 1.3.3 School boards provide direction to schools to ensure opportunity, academic excellence and accountability in the education system. It is the responsibility of the School Board to:
- 3.4.6. develop policies Promote the safety of people in the schools;
- 3.4.7. Prohibit the use of alcohol, vaping, and other illegal drugs, as well as cannabis, except for medical cannabis use;
- 3.4.8. Limit the distractions caused by the non-educational use of cellphones and other devices and
- 3.4.9. Prevent Bullying in schools.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

- 4.1. The TVDSB Code of Conduct applies to the entire School Community, including;
 - 4.1.1. On School Property;
 - 4.1.2. On school buses;
 - 4.1.3. At School-Related Events or activities;
 - 4.1.4. On TVDSB property;
 - 4.1.5. In other circumstances that set out how their schools will implement and enforcecould have an impact on the Provincial CodeSchool Climate and
 - 4.1.6. In Virtual Learning Environments.
- 4.2. The Director of ConductEducation, Associate Director and all other rules that they develop thatSuperintendents are related expected to:
 - 4.2.1. Demonstrate care for the School Community and a commitment to the Provincial student achievement and well-being in a safe, Inclusive, and accepting learning environment;
 - <u>4.2.2.</u> Hold everyone under their authority accountable for their own behaviour and actions;

<u>4.2.3.</u> Ensure the TVDSB Code of Conduct is followed by TVDSB staff and local community members at TVDSB buildings that are not schools;

2.4.5.4.2.4. <u>Model the standards that promoteof</u> respect, civility; and responsible citizenship and safety;

 hold the Director responsible for ensuring accountability for the behaviourSupport effective, accessible and actionsCulturally Inclusive communication of everyone under their authority;

2.4.6.4.2.5. establish a process that clearly communicates the Provincialthe

<u>TVDSB</u> Code of Conduct and <u>School Board Codethrough the use</u> of Conduct to all parents/guardians, students, staff members and members of the school community in order to obtain their commitment and <u>support;interpretation and translation services.</u>

- review these policies regularly with those parties listed above;
- seek input from School Councils, their Parent Involvement Committee and their Special Education Advisory Committee;
- develop effective intervention strategies and respond to allinfractions related to the standards for respect, civility, responsiblecitizenship and safety;

4.3. provide opportunities Principals are expected to:

- <u>Demonstrate care</u> for all staff to acquire the knowledge, skills and attitudes necessary to develop and maintain academic excellencein a safe, inclusive and accepting learning and teaching environment;
- wherever possible, Boards should collaborate to providecoordinated prevention<u>the School Community</u> and interventionprograms and endeavor to share effective practices;
- include in agreements with a third party that the third party mustfollow standards that are consistent with the Provincial Code of Conduct (this includes third party rentals of school space).

 1.3.4 Principals, under the direction of their School Board, take a leadership role in the daily operation of a school. They provide this leadership by:
 2.4.7.4.3.1. demonstrating care for the school community and commitment to academic excellencestudent achievement and well-being in a safe.

> Page 7 of 21 [Title]

Inclusive, and accepting teaching and learning environment;

- <u>2.4.8.4.3.2</u><u>holdingHold</u> everyone under their authority accountable for their <u>own</u>behaviour and actions;
- 2.4.9.4.3.3. <u>empoweringEmpower</u> students to be positive leaders in their school and community;
- 4.3.4.
 communicatingCommunicate the expectations of this procedure and any

 Local Code of Conduct Statements by the end of the first week of school to

 the School Community and ensure this content is posted on the school

 website;
- <u>4.3.5.</u> Communicate the expectations of this procedure, best practices for implementation and any Local Code of Conduct Statements by the end of the first week of school to all Educators;
- 2.4.10.4.3.6. Continue to communicate the expectations of the Code of Conduct regularly and meaningfully with all members of their School Community-:

 empowering volunteers and other members of the school community;

- <u>4.3.7.</u> prepare students for the full responsibilities of <u>Support effective</u>, accessible and <u>Culturally Inclusive communication of the TVDSB Code of Conduct</u> through the use of interpretation and translation services and
- 2.4.11.4.3.8. Model the standards of respect, civility and responsible citizenship.
 - 1.3.5 School staff, under the leadership of their principals, maintain order in the school and are expected to hold everyone to the highest standard of respectful and responsible behaviour. As role models, staff uphold these high standards when they:

4.4. Educators are expected to:

- 2.4.12.4.4.1. Help students work to their full potential and develop their sense of self-worth;
- <u>2.4.13.4.4.2.</u> Empower students to be positive leaders in their classroom, school, and community;
- 2.4.14.4.3. Communicate regularly and meaningfully with Parents/guardians_ and caregivers;
- 2.4.15.4.4.4. Maintain consistent and fair standards of behaviour for all students;

- 2.4.16.4.4.5. Demonstrate respect for <u>one another</u>, all students, staff, parents/guardiansParents and caregivers, volunteers, and other members of the School Community;
- Prepare students for the full responsibilities of citizenship.
 2.4.17.4.6. Students are to be treated with respect and dignity. In return, theymust demonstrate respect for themselves, for others and for, in particular the responsibilitiesskill of citizenship through acceptable behaviour. Respect and responsibility are demonstrated when students:respectful communication, both in person and online;
- 4.4.7. Model the standards of respect, civility, and responsible citizenship and
- 4.4.8. Model appropriate use of personal mobile devices. Educators are not to use personal mobile devices during instructional time, unless explicitly for workrelated purposes.
- 4.5. Students are expected to:
 - 2.4.18.4.5.1. Come to school prepared, on time, and ready to learn;
 - <u>2.4.19.4.5.2.</u> Show respect for themselves, <u>and for others</u>, and for those in <u>positions of</u> authority;
 - 2.4.20.4.5.3. Refrain from bringing anything to school that may compromise the safety of others; and
 - 2.4.21.4.5.4. Follow the established rules and take responsibility for their own actions.
 - 1.3.6 Parents/guardians play an important role in the education of their children, and can support the efforts of school staff in maintaining a safe, inclusive, accepting and respectful learning environment for all students. Parents/guardians fulfill their role when they:
- 4.6. show an active interestParents and Caregivers are expected to:
 - 2.4.22.4.6.1. Engage in their child's school workschoolwork and progress;
 - 2.4.23.4.6.2. Communicate regularly with the school;
 - 2.4.24.4.6.3. Help their child be neat, appropriately dressed and prepared for school;
 - 2.4.25.4.6.4. Ensure that their child attends school regularly and on time;

2.4.26.4.6.5. Promptly report to the school their child'schild's absence or late arrival;

- 2.4.27.4.6.6. <u>show that they are Become</u> familiar with the Provincial Code of Conduct, the Board's TVDSB Code of Conduct, and <u>school rules, if</u> applicable, any School Code of Conduct statements;
- 2.4.28.4.6.7. Encourage and assist their child in following the rules of behaviour; and
- 2.4.29.4.6.8. Assist school staff in dealing with disciplinary issues involving their child.
 - 1.3.7 Through outreach, partnerships already in place may be enhanced and new partnerships with community based service providers and membersof the community (e.g. Elders from our indigenous communities) mayalso be created. Community-based service providers are resources that Boards can use to deliver prevention or intervention programs. Protocolsare effective ways of establishing linkages between Boards and community based service providers and of formalizing the relationshipbetween them. These partnerships must respect all applicable collectiveagreements.

The police play an essential role in making our schools and communitiessafer. Police investigate incidents in accordance with the TVDSB-Police/School Board Protocol.

1.4 Standards of Behaviour

1.4.1 Respect, Civility and Responsible Citizenship

All members of the school community must: <u>5. respectUnderstanding the TVDSB Code of Conduct</u>

- 5.1. The TVDSB Code of Conduct follows the Provincial Code of Conduct as outlined in PPM 128 and detailed in Sections 7 through 9 of this procedure.
- 5.2. Each TVDSB School shall have a School Code of Conduct that is the TVDSB Code of Conduct and any additional Local Code of Conduct Statements that the principal and, in consultation with the School Council, determine is appropriate to add.
 - 5.2.1. If a TVDSB school wants to add additional local content to the TVDSB Code of Conduct, it must follow the process outlined in Section 6 and ensure that the additional content does not conflict with the intention of the Provincial Code of Conduct.

5.3. If a student's behaviour does not align with the expectations outlined in Sections 7,

8 or 9 of this Student Code of Conduct or any Local Code of Conduct Statements added through the steps in Section 6, refer to TVDSB Bias-Aware Progressive Discipline: Suspension, Expulsion and Appeals Procedure (4008k).

6. Development of School Codes of Conduct for Individual Schools

- 6.1. To determine if a School Code of Conduct requires Local Code of Conduct Statements to be adopted, amended or rescinded, the principal must first consult with the school's Superintendent of Student Achievement.
- 6.2. After consulting with the school's Superintendent of Student Achievement, the principal must consider the opinions of the following before proceeding with a draft Local Code of Conduct Statement:
 - 6.2.1. The School Council,
 - 6.2.2. Students,
 - 6.2.3. Staff,
 - 6.2.4. Parents and caregivers and
 - 6.2.5. Members of the School Community.
- 6.3. All Local Code of Conduct Statements must comply with TVDSB Creating Safe and Caring Schools Policy (4008) and this procedure.
- 6.4. To adopt, amend or rescind a Local Code of Conduct Statement the following process must be followed:
 - 6.4.1. Discuss the proposed Local Code of Conduct Statement with the School Council;
 - 6.4.2. Discuss and receive approval for the proposed Local Code of Conduct Statement from the Superintendent of Student Achievement of the school;
 - 6.4.3. Submit the proposed Local Code of Conduct Statement to the Administrative Council for review and approval and
 - 6.4.4. If the proposed Local Code of Conduct Statement is approved by the Administrative Council, the principal shall develop a communications plan that outlines how the new behaviour expectations will be made clear to everyone, including Parents and caregivers whose first language is not English.

7. TVDSB Code of Conduct

7.1. To support students in being respectful, civil and responsible citizens, all members of the School Community must:

2.4.30.7.1.1. Comply with all applicable federal, provincial, and municipal laws;

7.1.2. Comply with all Ministry of Education, school board and school policies;

2.4.31.7.1.3. Demonstrate honesty and integrity;

• respect differences in people, their ideas and opinions;

2.4.32.7.1.4. Treat one another with dignity and respect-at all times, both in person and online, especially when there is disagreement or difference;

2.4.33.7.1.5. Respect and treat others fairly, regardless of, for example, their race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, religion, gender, gender identity, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, marital status, family status, or disability;

2.4.34.7.1.6. Respect the rights of others;

- 2.4.35.7.1.7. Show proper care and regard for School Property and the property of others;
- 2.4.36.7.1.8. Take appropriate measures to help those in need;
 - respect all members of the school community, especiallypersons in positions of authority;
 - respect the need of others to work in an environment that is conducive to learning and teaching;
- 2.4.37.7.1.9. Seek assistance from a member of the school staff, if necessary, to resolve conflict peacefully;
- 2.4.38.7.1.10. use respectful language (for example, Refrain from using abusive language or swearing) when speaking to a teacher or at another person in a position of authority;
- <u>7.1.11.</u> Respect the needneeds of others to work in an environment that is conducive to learning and teaching, including by ensuring that cellphones and other:
- <u>7.1.12. Not use personal mobile devices are only used during instructional time except under the following circumstances:</u>

Page 12 of 21 [Title] 7.1.12.1. For educational purposes-(,

7.1.12.2. As directed by an educator),

2.4.38.1.7.1.12.3. For health and medical purposes and

2.4.38.2.7.1.12.4. /or To support special education needs.

1.4.2 Safety

2.5.7.2. To support students' safety, all members of the School Community must not:

- 7.2.1. Engage in Bullying behaviours, including Cyberbullying;
- 7.2.2. Commit sexual assault or sexual harassment;
- 7.2.3. Traffic in weapons or illegal drugs;
- 7.2.4. Commit robbery or theft;
- 2.5.1.7.2.5. Be in possession of any weapon, including firearms;

2.5.2.7.2.6. use any object to Threaten or intimidate another person;

- cause injury to any person with an object;

- <u>7.2.7.</u> Be in possession of, or alcohol, cannabis (unless for medical purposes), and all other illegal drugs;
 - 7.2.7.1. For students, this would also include being in possession of electronic cigarette, tobacco and nicotine products and

7.2.7.1.1. An exception may be made for the traditional use of tobacco as an Indigenous cultural practice and medical cannabis user.

<u>7.2.8. Be</u> under the influence of, or <u>alcohol</u>, <u>cannabis</u>, <u>tobacco</u>, <u>electronic</u> <u>cigarettes</u>, <u>illegal drugs or related products</u>;

2.5.3.7.2.9. Provide others with alcohol, illegal drugs, or unless the pupil is a medical tobacco, electronic cigarettes, cannabis user, cannabisand related products;

2.5.4.7.2.10. Inflict or encourage others to inflict bodily harm on another person;

- engage in bullying behaviours;
- commit sexual assault;
- traffic weapons or illegal drugs;
- give alcohol or cannabis to a minor;
- commit robbery;

2.5.5.7.2.11. Engage in hate propaganda and other forms of behaviour

Page **13** of **21** [Title] motivated by hate or bias; explicit and implicit Bias;

 Commit an act of vandalism that causes extensive damage to School Property or, to property located on the premises of the school

3. 3.0 STUDENT DRESS CODES

It is <u>or to</u> the policy of the Board that individual schools will establish a student dresscode respecting appropriate dress for students. Principals will ensure that aconsultation process is in place and that school policies and guidelines address the following requirements:

- 3.1.
 - Parents are encouraged to be extensively involved and active in the decisionmaking process through their school councils.
 - The consultation process is designed to enable a majority of parents, through their school councils, to decide what an appropriate dress policyshould be in their own school.

<u>3.2.</u>

 Students should be consulted throughout the process and their inputprovided to the School Council through the student representatives whosit on the School Council.

3.2.1.7.2.12. While it is recommended that each group reach consensus on the

Student Dress Code, if a vote is required, a majority of parents is defined as-70%property of a member of the parents/guardians who vote (one vote perfamily) of registered students in the school.School Community and

7.2.13. <u>The school's statementRecord</u>, take or share non-consensual recordings or photos of principles members of the School Community.

8. Student Personal Mobile Device Usage

- 8.1. All members of the School Community must not use personal mobile devices during instructional time except under the following circumstances:
 - 8.1.1. For educational purposes, as directed by an educator;
 - 8.1.2. For health and medical purposes and
 - 8.1.3. To support special education needs.
- 8.2. For students in Grade 6 and below, students' personal mobile devices must be stored out of view and powered off or set to silent mode throughout the full instructional day, except when their use is explicitly permitted under the circumstances outlined in Section 8.1.

- 8.3. For students in Grades 7 to 12, students' personal mobile devices are stored out of view and powered off or set to silent mode during instructional time, except when their use is explicitly permitted by the educator under the circumstances outlined above.
- 8.4. If a school currently has student personal mobile device usage guidelines that comply with Sections 8.1 through 8.3 and are more stringent included in their School Code of Conduct, these local conduct statements will not need to be approved again following Section 6.
- 8.5. If a school wishes to adopt new, more stringent student personal mobile device usage guidelines as explained in 8.1 through 8.3, they are permitted to do so using a motion approved by the School Council.
 - 8.5.1. Any new guidelines must align with Sections 8.1 through 8.3 and have a similar intent.

9. Using Progressive Discipline in Response to Student Personal Mobile Device Usage

- 9.1. As a form of proactive and preventative Progressive Discipline, the principal must communicate cellphone usage expectations with all educators, students, Parents and caregivers within the first week of the school year, and on an ongoing basis.
 - <u>9.1.1. The principal must also have a process to ensure occasional staff are made</u> <u>aware of school-based cellphone usage expectations at the start of their</u> <u>shift.</u>
- 9.2. When determining additional Progressive Discipline, the principal should take into consideration the following Mitigating Factors;
 - 9.2.1. The student does not have the ability to control their behaviour or understand the possible consequences of their behaviour;
 - 9.2.2. The student's continuing presence in the school does not create an unacceptable risk to the safety of any other person;
 - 9.2.3. The student's history;
 - 9.2.4. Whether a Progressive Discipline approach has been used with the student;
 - <u>9.2.5.</u> Whether the activity for which forms the basis of the school's student dresscode will relate to fostering a safer and more respectful the student may be or is being suspended or expelled was related to any harassment of the

Page 15 of 21 [Title] student because of their race, ethnic origin, religion, disability, gender or sexual orientation or any other protected grounds of the Human Rights Code;

- 9.2.6. How the suspension or expulsion would affect the student's ongoing education;
- 9.2.7. The age of the student;
- <u>9.2.8.</u> In the case of a student for whom an Individual Education Plan (IEP) has been developed;
 - 9.2.8.1. Whether the behaviour was a manifestation of a disability identified in the student's IEP;
 - 9.2.8.2. Whether appropriate individualized accommodation has been provided and
 - 9.2.8.3. Whether the suspension or expulsion is likely to result in an aggravation or worsening of the student's behaviour or conduct.
- <u>9.3. If students from Kindergarten to Grade 12, continue to use their personal mobile</u> <u>devices after having been reminded, and staff have considered Mitigating Factors,</u> <u>the following shall occur:</u>
 - 9.3.1. For students in Grade 6 or below, if an educator sees a personal mobile device that is not stored out of view, they must require the device be handed in for the instructional day, and the device must be placed by the student in a storage area in a location designated by the principal.
 - 9.3.2. For students in Grades 7 through 12, if the educator sees a personal mobile device that is not stored out of view, they must require the device be handed in for the instructional period and the device must be placed, by the student, in a storage area in a location in the classroom designated by the educator.
 - <u>9.3.3.</u> For students from Kindergarten to Grade 12, if, after using a Progressive Discipline approach, the student continues to contradict the expectations outlined in 8.3 or 8.4, the student must be sent to the principal's office.

10. Alcohol, Tobacco, Cannabis and Vaping

<u>10.1. If a student is found in possession of alcohol, e-cigarette, tobacco, cannabis, or</u> vaping products, these items will be confiscated and disposed of in accordance with local waste disposal guidelines.

- 10.1.1. An exception will be made for:
 - 10.1.1.1. The traditional use of tobacco as an Indigenous cultural practice;
 - 10.1.1.2. Adult students in the possession of tobacco and

10.1.1.3. Medical cannabis users.

<u>10.2. The Parents or caregivers of a student who is found in possession of an item listed</u> <u>in 10.1 shall be notified.</u>

11. School Community Accountability

- 11.1. When members of the School Community do not meet the expectations of the TVDSB Code of Conduct, the following will be considered:
 - 11.1.1. How can a Relationship-Based Approach be used to address the concern?
 - <u>11.1.2. How have we ensured effective, accessible, and Culturally Inclusive</u> communication of the expectations of the TVDSB Code of Conduct?
- <u>11.2. If Students continue to not meet the expectations of the TVDSB Code of Conduct,</u> <u>the process outlined in TVDSB Bias-Aware Progressive Discipline: Suspension,</u> <u>Expulsion, and Appeals Procedure (4008k).</u>
- <u>11.3. If TVDSB staff continue to not meet the expectations of the TVDSB Code of</u> <u>Conduct the process outlined in TVDSB Progressive Discipline Of Employees</u> <u>Policy and Procedure (3012) will be followed.</u>
- 3.3.11.4. School Community members who continue to violate the TVDSB Code of Conduct will have their actions assessed by the principal for their impact on the learning and teaching environment. If the behaviour significantly disrupts safety or inclusivity, the principal should follow the TVDSB Access to Schools Procedure (4008h).

12. The school dress code will Monitoring and Review

- <u>12.1. TVDSB Code of Conduct must</u> be consistent reviewed at a minimum every three years.
- <u>12.2. When reviewing the Code of Conduct, the following groups will be given the</u> <u>opportunity to be consulted on the current Code of Conduct and any potential</u> <u>changes:</u>

12.2.1. Students;

- 12.2.2. Educators;
- 12.2.3. Principals;
- 12.2.4. Other board staff;
- 12.2.5. Volunteers working in schools;
- 12.2.6. Parents and caregivers of students;
- 12.2.7. School Councils;
- 12.2.8. The local communities included within TVDSB jurisdiction;
- 12.2.9. TVDSB Parent Involvement Committee;
- 12.2.10. TVDSB Special Education Advisory Committee;
- 12.2.11. TVDSB First Nations Advisory Committee;
- 12.2.12. Social service agencies within TVDSB jurisdiction and
- 12.2.13. Mental health agencies within TVDSB jurisdiction.



Appendix A – Definitions

- Administrative Council refers to an internal staff committee that includes superintendents, associate directors, the director of education, and other staff members as needed. The committee reviews selected work of TVDSB to ensure it aligns with the Human Rights Code and the Charter of Rights and Freedoms (e.g.organization's strategic goals.)
- Bias refers to an opinion, preference, prejudice, or inclination that limits an individual's or a group's ability to make fair, objective, or accurate judgements. Biases can be both implicit and explicit.
- 3. Bullying refers to aggressive and typically repeated behaviour by an individual where,
 - a. The behaviour is intended by the individual to have the effect of, or the individual ought to know that the behaviour would be likely to have the effect of,
 - i. Causing harm, fear or distress to another individual, including physical, psychological, social or academic harm, harm to the individual's reputation or harm to the individual's property, or
 - ii. Creating a negative environment at a school for another individual, and
 - i-iii. The behaviour occurs in a context where there is a real or perceived power imbalance between individuals based on factors such as size, strength, age, intelligence, peer group power, economic status, social status, religion, ethnic origin, sexual orientation, family circumstances, gender, gender identity, gender expression, race, disability, religiousbeliefs). or the receipt of special education; ("intimidation").
 - Any terms used in the dress code will be defined in the code (e.g. appropriate dress, dress code or school code).
 - <u>Expectations will be stated for For the purposes of the definition of "bullying",</u> <u>behaviour includes the use of any physical, verbal, electronic, written or other</u> <u>means.</u>
 - c. Cyber-Bullying refers to bullying by electronic means, including,
 - i. Creating a web page or a blog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person;

- ii. Impersonating another person as an author of content or messages posted on the internet; and
- iii. Communicating material electronically to more than one individual or posting material on a website that may be accessed by one or more individuals.
- 4. Culturally Inclusive refers to recognizing and valuing the diverse cultural backgrounds, language and contributions of individuals. It aims to create environments where everyone feels respected, valued and able to fully contribute, regardless of their cultural background.
- Educators refers to teachers, registered early childhood educators, educational assistants and student compliance with supervisors.
- 6. Inclusion or Inclusive refers to the principle of acceptance, in which diversity is honoured and all individuals are accepted.
- 7. Individual Education Plan (IEP) refers to a written plan that describes special education programs, accommodations and services that a school board will provide for a student. IEPs are based on a thorough assessment of a student's strengths, needs and ability to learn and demonstrate learning.
- 8. Local Code of Conduct Statements refers to statements in addition to the TVDSB Code of Conduct created between the principal and School Council regarding the expectations and behaviour of individuals specific to the school-policy (e.g. appropriatedress, dress code or school uniforms) and will take into consideration localcircumstances and the principal's authority under.
- 2.9. Mitigating Factors and Other Factors refers to circumstances or considerations that may lessen the severity of disciplinary actions taken against a student, as per Ontario Regulation 472/00 of the Education Act. These factors are considered to ensure that the disciplinary response is fair, just, and appropriate to the individual situation.
 - 3.4.
 - Issues of affordability will be addressed in the process. No student will be denied access to school as a result of inability to afford appropriate clothingrequired by a school's dress code.
 - Each school will annually review the school's dress code. This review processshall include consultation with students, school staff, volunteers working inschools, parents and guardians.
- 10. A copy of the school's dress code will be filed annually with the school's Superintendent-

Page 20 of 21 [Title] of Student Achievement who will review and monitor the process of dress codedevelopment. Parents refers to parent(s) and guardian(s) and can also include caregivers or close family members who raise the child.

- 11. Progressive Discipline refers to a whole school approach that utilizes a continuum of prevention programs, interventions, supports, and consequences, which may include suspension and expulsion, to address inappropriate student behaviour, while accounting for individual circumstances. This approach builds upon strategies that promote and foster positive behaviours to create safe, inclusive, and accepting schools.
- 12. Relationship-Based Approach refers to the idea that healthy relationships are central to human development and are the basis through which trust, safety, connection and community are formed.
- 13. School Code of Conduct refers to a collection of local code of conduct statements and the TVDSB code of conduct.
- 14. School Community refers to the collective group of individuals who are connected to and interact within a school environment. This includes students, teachers, administrators, staff, bus drivers, volunteers, parents and caregivers, neighbours of the school, visitors and local community organizations.
- **15. School Council** refers to a group of parents, students, staff and principal that represent the perspectives of the school community. All schools are required to have one, based on the *Education Act.*
- **16. School Climate** refers to the learning environment and relationships found within a school and school community.
- 17. School Property refers to TVDSB school buildings and surrounding property.
- 18. School Related Event refers to any activity held at school or related to school. They may include time commitments outside of the regular school day and may occur off school property.
- 19. TVDSB Code of Conduct refers to the Provincial Code of Conduct.
- **3.**20. Virtual Learning Environments refers to the digital spaces where students engage in learning with TVDSB staff, using a TVDSB virtual learning platform.